

## Hydrocarbon dew-point analysis EnCal 3000 (C<sub>9</sub>)



### Carrier gas:

- Helium 50l x 200 bar /a

### Calibration gas:

- N<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>
- Alkanes: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, iC<sub>4</sub>, nC<sub>4</sub>, neoC<sub>5</sub>, iC<sub>5</sub>, nC<sub>5</sub>, nC<sub>6</sub>, nC<sub>7</sub>, nC<sub>8</sub>, nC<sub>9</sub>
- Cyclic components: Benzene, cyclohexane, methylcyclohexane, toluene

### Calibration:

- Automatic, daily
- Fully traceable

### Extended GC analysis within 5 minutes:

- N<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>
- Alkanes: C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>, iC<sub>4</sub>, nC<sub>4</sub>, neoC<sub>5</sub>, iC<sub>5</sub>, nC<sub>5</sub>, nC<sub>6</sub>, nC<sub>7</sub>, nC<sub>8</sub>, nC<sub>9</sub>
- Cyclic components: Benzene, cyclohexane, methylcyclohexane, toluene

### Hydrocarbon dew-point calculation:

- Modelling of unknown components
- Modelling of C<sub>10</sub>, C<sub>11</sub>, C<sub>12</sub> by concentration breakdown
- EoS: Peng-Robinson or Redlich-Kwong-Suave
- Reference pressure: Live or fixed values
- Cricondentherm
- Potential hydrocarbon liquid content (PHLC)